



INCL CONTROLLER SSD1306B FOR SPI AND I<sup>2</sup>C



# FEATURES

- 102X64 DOTS (RELATES TO 8x17 CHARACTER OR 4x12 LARGE CHARACTER)
- HIGH CONTRAST OLED DISPLAY
- INTEGRATED CONTROLLER SSD1306B
- SPI INTERFACE: MOSI, CLK, CS, D/C
- I<sup>2</sup>C INTERFACE: SDA, SCL
- WIDE TEMPERATURE RANGE (T<sub>OP</sub> -40°C +80°C)
- NO MOUNTING REQUIRED: JUST PUT INTO PCB
- 3 VERSIONS (WITH / W.O. POLARISOR AND PROTECTION GLASS) IN VARIOUS COLORS)
- FAST RESPONSE TIME, NO AFTERGLOW

#### **ORDERING CODES**

- GRAPHIC 102x64, yellow, black background, incl. protection glass
- GRAPHIC 102x64, yellow, black background, w./o. protection glass
- GRAPHIC 102x64, white, black background, w./o. protection glass

WITH A MINIMUM ORDER QTY. OF 500 PCS.

- GRAPHIC 128x64, with Polarisor (Standard)
  - X: G = Yellow
    - B = Blue
    - R = Red

# ACCESSORIES

- TEST BOARD WITH USB-INTERFACE
- SOCKET 4.8MM HOCH (2 PCS. ARE REQUIRED)
- TOUCHPANEL, 4-WIRE ANALOGUE SELF-ADHESIVE
- ZIFF CONNECTOR FOR TOUCH, BOTTOM CONTACT <sup>1</sup> ONLY IN COMBINATION WITH EA OLEDS102-6GGA.

EA 9781-1USB EA FL-14P EA TOUCH102-1<sup>\*)</sup> EA WF100-04S

EA OLEDM102-6GGA

EA OLEDM102-6LGA

EA OLEDS102-6LWA

EA OLEDS102-6LXA





#### **EA OLED SERIES**

With its EA OLED series ELECTRONIC ASSEMBLY launched worldwide the first display family with OLEDtechnology for direct mounting and soldering. In comparison to standard displays there's no FFC/FPC cable/connector that may lose contact, this OLED series will be soldered directly or put into a standard 2.54 mm precision socket.

It is designed for compact handheld equipment and provides a lot real advantages:

- Extreme compact with a large viewing area
- Super flat with 2.4 mm (without frontal protection glass)
- SPI and I<sup>2</sup>C interface
- Simple mounting with direct soldering
- Ex stock available from 1 pc. off
- Long life time (80,000 h for yellow)
- Wide temperature range (-40..+80°C)
- Fast response time (10µs), no afterglow

#### VERSIONS

The EA OLEDS102-6 is available in 3 different versions:

#### EA OLEDS102-6GGA / Allround

This module is perfect for rough environment. An additional frontal glass protects the display against scratch, shock and UV light. Thanks to its integrated polariser there's no need for an additionally smoked glass.

#### EA OLEDS102-6LGA and -6LWA / Flat

This module is the standard module and does fit for the most applications. The flat design (2.4 mm) makes the display perfect for smallest equipment. The background is always deep black for best contrast.

# **COLORS (CUSTOM MADE)**

The standard colors are yellow and white.

The flat version EA OLEDS102-6LGA is on customers request available in 3 more colors. The minimum order quantity is 500 pcs., lead time is about 20 weeks. Samples in other sizes (e.g. EA OLEDL128) are normally available ex stock.

Interface and software are 100% compatible. The yellow color provides highest brightness and longest life time.



EA OLEOLI28-669A

EA OLEDS102-6LRA

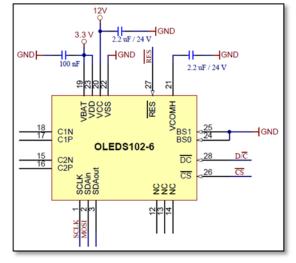




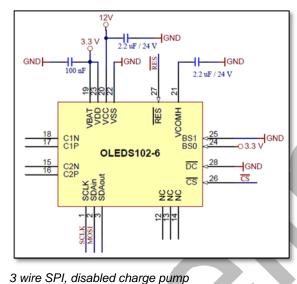
GND

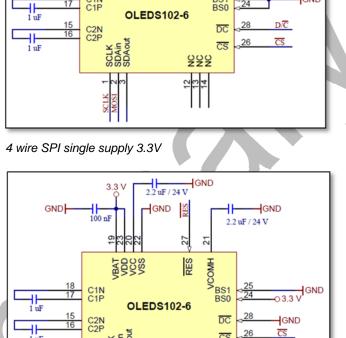


#### **APPLICATION EXAMPLES**



4 wire SPI, disabled charge pump





2.2 uF / 24 V

RES

27 2

RES /COMH GND

GND

41

BS1 BS0

2.2 uF / 24 V

GND

3.3 V

VBAT

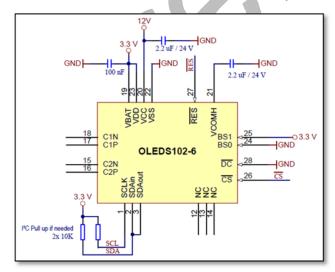
100 nF

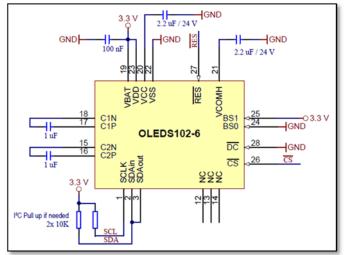
C1N C1P

17

3 wire SPI single supply 3.3V

SCLK SDAin SDAout





CS

SSS

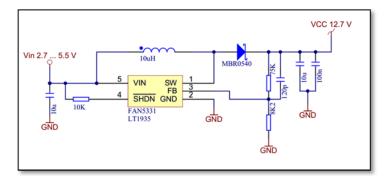
I<sup>2</sup>C (0x78), disabled charge pump

I<sup>2</sup>C (0x78) single supply 3.3V





# **POWER SUPPLY GENERATOR**



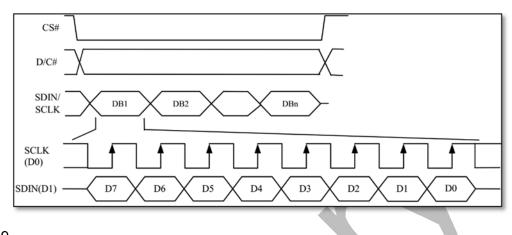
Voltage converter 3.3V-12 V (FAN5331, LT1935)





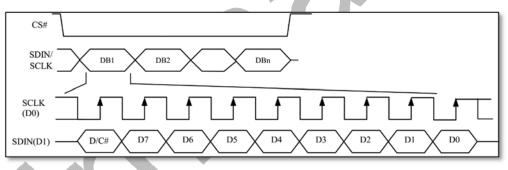
#### DATA TRANSFER 4-WIRE SPI (8 BIT)

Data transmission for SPI is unidirectional, that means that data can only be written, there's no data read option. Selection for writing data or command is done with the D/C line. A busy check is not necessary at all. Clock rate may be up to 10 MHz. Data transmission is based on SPI mode 3, MSB first. For more details please refer to the controllers data sheet SSD1309.



#### DATA TRANSFER 4-WIRE SPI (9 BIT)

Data transmission for SPI is unidirectional, that means that data can only be written, there's no data read option. Selection for writing data or command is done with the first bit of the 9 bit data transfer. A busy check is not necessary at all. Clock rate

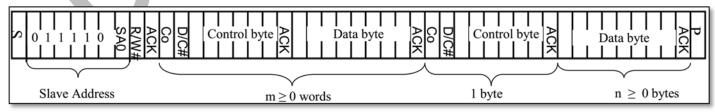


may be up to 10 MHz. Data transmission is based on SPI mode 3, MSB first (9 bit). For more details please refer to the controllers data sheet SSD1309.

#### DATA TRANSFER I<sup>2</sup>C

The I<sup>2</sup>C mode provides a bi-directional data transmission: That means that data can be written and read. With the pin SA0 the I<sup>2</sup>C address can be changed (L: 0x78 or 0x3C, H:0x7A or 0x3D). So up to 2 displays may be driven on 1 bus. The clock rate may be up to 400 KHz. Please make sure when defining the pull-up resistors that the internal resistance of the display is 600..1000  $\Omega$ . This affects the low level when reading data and ACK bit.

Attention: When reading data, after the command for page- or column address there need to be a dummy read (discard the first byte).



Control byte:  $C_0$  (Continuation bit) = 0  $\rightarrow$  Display data do follow; 1  $\rightarrow$  refer D/C bit





#### **GRAPHIC RAM**

The EA OLEDS102-6 comes with an integrated display RAM. Each byte represents 8 dots. For more details please refer to the controllers data sheet SSD1306B, available on our website at

http://www.lcd-module.de/fileadmin/eng/pdf/zubehoer/SSD1306B 1.1.pdf.

# **COMMAND TABLE (ABSTRACT)**

This is a collection of the most important commands. The data sheet SSD1309 provides the full list plus a detailed description.

•	D/ C	Command Code									
Command		Hex	D7	D6	D5	D4	D3	D2	D1	D0	Description
Contrast Control	0 0	81 7F	1 A <sub>7</sub>	0 A <sub>6</sub>	0 A <sub>5</sub>	0 A4	0 A <sub>3</sub>	0 A <sub>2</sub>	0 A <sub>1</sub>	1 A <sub>0</sub>	Double byte command to select 1 out of 256 contrast steps. Contrast increases as the value increases.
Display On / Off	0	AE/ AF	1	0	1	0	1	1	1	X <sub>0</sub>	X <sub>0</sub> =0: Display OFF (sleep mode) (RESET) X <sub>0</sub> =1: Display ON in normal mode
Set Column address	000	21 0 7F	0 A7 B7	0 A <sub>6</sub> B <sub>6</sub>	1 A5 B5	0 A4 B4	0 A3 B3	0 A <sub>2</sub> B <sub>2</sub>	0 A1 B1	1 A <sub>0</sub> B <sub>0</sub>	Setup column start and end address A[7:0] : Column start address, range : 0-127d, (RESET = 0) B[7:0]: Column end address, range : 0-127d, RESET = 127) Note: This command is only for horizontal or vertical addressing mode.
Set Page address	0 0 0	22 0 7	0 X X	0 X X	1 X X	0 X X	0 X X	0 A <sub>2</sub> B <sub>2</sub>	1 A <sub>1</sub> B <sub>1</sub>	0 A <sub>0</sub> B <sub>0</sub>	Setup page start and end address A[2:0] : Page start Address, range : 0-7d, (RESET = 0) B[2:0] : Page end Address, range : 0-7d, (RESET = 7) Note: This command is only for horizontal or vertical addressing mode.
Display Start Line	0	40 - 7F	0	1	A <sub>5</sub>	A <sub>4</sub>	A <sub>3</sub>	A <sub>2</sub>	A <sub>1</sub>	A <sub>0</sub>	Set display RAM display start line register from 0-63 using $X_5X_3X_2X_1X_0$ . Display start line register is reset to 0 during RESET.
Segment remap	0	A0/ A1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	X <sub>0</sub>	$X_0=0$ : column address 0 is mapped to SEG0 (RESET) $X_0=1$ : column address 127 is mapped to SEG0
Com output scan direction	0	C0/ C8	1	1	0	0	X <sub>3</sub>	0	0	0	$X_3$ =0: normal mode (RESET) Scan from COM0 to COM[N –1] $X_3$ =1: remapped mode. Scan from COM[N-1] to COM0 Where N is the Multiplex ratio
RAM Data	1	XX	D <sub>7</sub>	D <sub>6</sub>	$D_5$	D <sub>4</sub>	D <sub>3</sub>	D <sub>2</sub>	D <sub>1</sub>	D <sub>0</sub>	D <sub>7</sub> -D <sub>0</sub> is written to RAM.

0	Column address
D0 2 D7	Page 0
D0 1 D7	Page 1
D0 1 D7	Page 2
D0 2 D7	Page 3
D0 2 D7	Page 4
D0 1 D7	Page 5
D0 1 D7	Page 6
D0 2 D7	Page 7





## INITIALISATION EXAMPLE

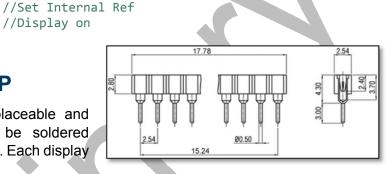
```
void init_OLEDS102(void)
{
```

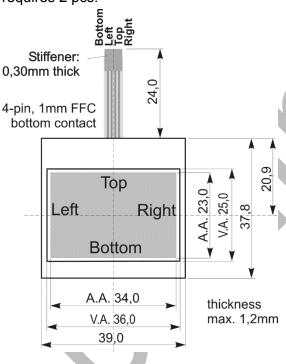
```
send command(0x40);
                                            //Set Display start line
send command(0xA0);
                                            //Bottom View no Segment remap
send_command(0xC0);
                                            //Bottom View COM scan direction normal
send command(0x2E);
                                            //StartColumnAddress
send command(0 \times 8D); send command(0 \times 10);
                                            //Charge Pump Setting
send_command(0x20); send_command(0x02);
                                            //Set Memory AddressMode
send_command(0x81); send_command(0xFF);
                                            //Set Brightness
send_command(0xD5); send_command(0x40);
                                            //Set Display Clock Divide
send_command(0xD9); send_command(0xF1);
                                            //Set Precharge Periode
send command((0 \times AD); send command((0 \times 30);
send command(0xAF);
                                            //Display on
```

```
}
```

#### ACCESSORY: SOCKET EA FL-14P

Using a 14-pin socket makes the display replaceable and adapts the height. Those socket may also be soldered automatically by wave soldering or reflow process. Each display requires 2 pcs.





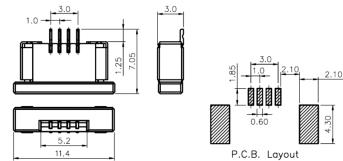
# ACCESSORY: TOUCHPANEL EA TOUCH102-1

As an accessory there is an analogue touchpanel available. It comes with a self-adhesive glue on its rear side. Connection is done via FFC, pitch 1.0 mm. Any standard ZIFF connector can be used (e.g. EA WF100-04S). Bending radius is minimum 5 mm. Interfacing to a processor can be either done by an external touch panel controller or with a controller that is featured with analogue input. The touch panel is similar to a potentiometer: connecting a voltage of e.g. 3.3 V to the pins Top-Bottom makes it possible to read out a voltage on pin Left or Right which is linear to the Y-coordinate of the pressed point. The X-coordinate will result when the voltage will be supplied to Left-Right and measurement is done at Top or Bottom. The pinout of the connecting cable is shown in the drawing. Only in combination with the EA OLEDS102-6GGA.

# **ACCESSORY: ZIFF CONNECTOR EA WF100-04S**

The ZIFF connector matches perfect to the touch panel EA TOUCH128-1. It provides 4 pins with 1.0 mm pitch. Connection is bottom contact.

Top contact version is called EA WF100-04T.







#### **SPECIFICATION**

Value	Condition	min	typ	max	unit
Operating Temperature		-40		+80	°C
Storage Temperature		-40		+80	°C
Storage Humidity	<40°C			90	%RH
Operating Voltage VDD (logic supply)		1.8	3.0	3.3	V
Operating Voltage VCC (OLED supply)		12.0	12.5	13.0	V
High Logic input level		0.8 x VDD			V
Low Logic input level				0.2 x VDD	V
	All Pixel on			tbd	mA
Power Supply <sup>1)</sup>	50 % Pixel on		25	45	mA
	All Pixel off			tbd	mA

:0

<sup>1)</sup> VDD= 3.3V, incl. booster FAN5331 with VCC= 12.5V

#### **OPTICAL DATA**

Item	Symbol	Condition	min	typ	max	Unit
View Angle	(V)θ	CR≧2000	160	170		deg
View Angle	(H)φ	CR≧2000	160	170		deg
Contrast Ratio	CR	Dark Room	2000:1			
Response Time	T rise			10		μs
Response fille	T fall			10		μs
Luminance <sup>1)</sup>	L	-6GGA / -6LGA	90	100		cd/m <sup>2</sup>
CIE 1931 x(Yellow)		Dark Room	0.45	0.47	0.49	
CIE 1931 y(Yellow)		Dark Room	0.48	0.50	0.52	
Operating Life Time <sup>2)</sup>		Ta=25°C 50% chess board	50000			hrs

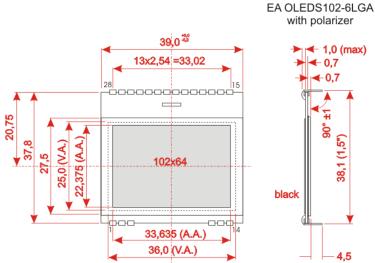
<sup>1)</sup> VDD= 3.3V, incl. booster <sup>1)</sup> VDD= 3.3V, incl. booster FAN5331 with VCC= 12.5V

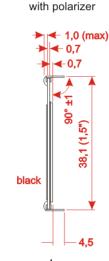
<sup>2)</sup> Operating life time is defined the amount of time until the luminance has decayed to 50% of the initial value. Screen saving mode is recommended to extend life time



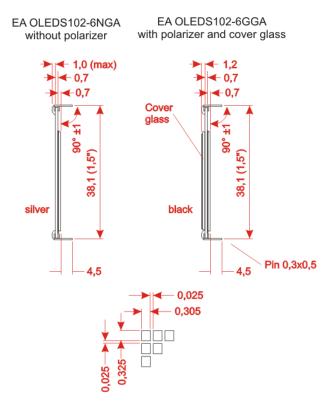


# **DIMENSIONS EA OLEDS102-6**





All dimensions are in mm



Pin	Symbol		Pin	Symbol	Description
1	D0	SPI: SCLK, I <sup>2</sup> C: SCL	15	C2N	Charge pump capacitor 1uF/10V
2	D1	SPI: MOSI, I <sup>2</sup> C: SDA <sub>in</sub>	16	C2P	Charge pump capacitor
3	D2	SPI: NC, I <sup>2</sup> C: SDA <sub>out</sub>	17	C1P	Charge pump capacitor 1uF/10V
4		÷	18	C1N	Charge pump capacitor
5			19	VBAT	Power supply for charge pump
6			20	VCC	OLED driving voltage
7			21	VCOMH	Common deselect level. (Internally regulated)
8			22	GND	Ground
9			23	VDD	Typ. 3.3 V logic power supply
10			24	BS0	00 = 4-Wire SPI; 01 = 3-Wire SPI
11			25	BS1	10 = I <sup>2</sup> C Interface
12	NC		26	CS	Chip Select (active low)
13	NC		27	RES	Reset (active low)
14	NC		28	D/C	SPI (4-Wire): L=Command, H=Data, I <sup>2</sup> C: SA0 (Address)

Note:

- OLED displays are generally not suited for wave or reflow soldering. Temperatures of over 80°C can cause lasting damage. - The surfaces of the displays are protected from scratching by self-adhesive protective foil. Please remove before mounting

